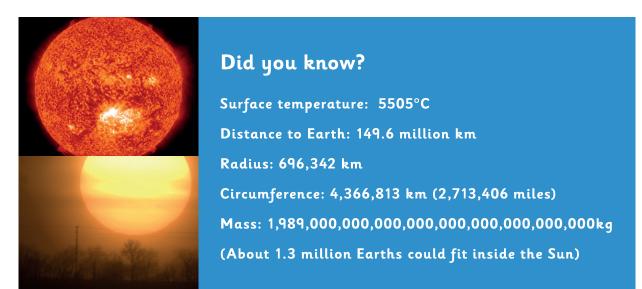
### The Sun

The Sun is a star and is at the centre of our solar system. That is why it is called a solar system. The word solar means 'relating to the Sun'. The planets in our solar system stay together because the Sun is so big its gravity keeps us all locked in orbit around it.

#### Making Energy:

The Sun provides almost all the energy, light and heat needed on Earth and it mainly uses hydrogen and helium for this. Energy is made at its core in the centre of the Sun's sphere. Around the core is the radiative zone which carries the energy to the next layer – the convection zone. It takes about 170,000 years for the energy to move from the core to the convection zone! The photosphere is at the Sun's surface and the energy gets to there from the convection zone in large bubbles. From here, the energy escapes (through the chromosphere and corona) and some of it comes to Earth. It takes about 8 minutes for heat to reach us from the Sun.



#### Lifespan:

The Sun is actually a yellow dwarf star and was created about 4.6 billion years ago. The Sun will eventually run out of energy and fade, but don't worry...this won't be for another 4.5 to 5.5 billion years yet! Before the Sun eventually fades, in an unimaginable time from now, it will get bigger and turn into what is called a 'red giant'. In 1.1 billion years from now, the Sun will be 10% brighter than it is today. This will make Earth a bit like a greenhouse – hot and moist. 3.5 billion years from now, it will be even brighter than that at 40% more than it is today. This will be so hot that the oceans will boil and the ice will melt. It's safe to say that there will be no life on Earth by then, but with space travel already making new discoveries and exploring other planets, where do you think humans will be by then?

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# **Questions About The Sun**

1. What gases is the Sun mainly made from?

2. How long does it take energy to reach Earth from the Sun?

3. How far away is the Sun from Earth?

4. What type of star is the Sun now?

5. List the different layers of the Sun from the centre to the outside.

6. What keeps our solar system of planets orbiting the Sun?

7. Solar means 'relating to the Sun'. Think of two (or more) examples where we use the word 'solar'.

8. Will the Sun last forever? If not, why not?



9. In the final paragraph it says that Earth will become 'a bit like a greenhouse'. A greenhouse is warm and moist inside because of the glass that lets heat and light in and keeps it in. Our Earth is not surrounded by glass, so what will let the heat and light in and keep it in?

10. Look at the final line - where do **you** think humans will be by then?



# **Questions About The Sun**

### Answers

1. What gases is the Sun mainly made from?

#### Hydrogen and helium

2. How long does it take energy to reach Earth from the Sun?

#### 8 minutes

3. How far away is the Sun from the Earth?

149.6 million km

4. What type of star is the Sun now?

#### A yellow dwarf

5. List the different layers of the Sun from the centre to the outside.

#### Core, radiative zone, convection zone, the photosphere, chromosphere, corona

6. What keeps our solar system of planets orbiting the Sun?

#### The Sun's gravity

7. Solar means 'relating to the Sun'. Think of two (or more) examples where we use the word 'solar'.

### Any including: solar panels, solar energy, solar power, solar eclipse, solarium, solar cell, solar year

8. Will the Sun last forever? If not, why not?

#### No. It will use all its energy eventually.

9. In the final paragraph it says that Earth will become 'a bit like a greenhouse'. A greenhouse is warm and moist inside because of the glass that lets heat and light in and keeps it in. Our Earth is not surrounded by glass, so what will let the heat and light in and keep it in?

#### The atmosphere

10. Look at the final line - where do **you** think humans will be by then?

#### Open ended for discussion.

There's every possibility we may be in other solar systems or galaxies by then.

